# Nuclear Waste Consent and Non-Consent: A Brief Historical Perspective

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Free = Voluntary Prior = Before decisions Informed = Adequate, broad-based Consent Non-Consent respected

**Electoral** Legislative **Judicial Federal** State Local **Processes** 

#### Process starts at least in 1970

June 9, 1970 - AEC (Glenn Seaborg) promise to Sen. Frank Church (D-ID) to remove Rocky Flats waste out of Idaho within ten years

1995 Settlement Agreement
TRU Waste out of ID by 12/31/2018
SNF out of ID by 1/1/2035
(including Research SNF – 2011 MOA)

## In 1971, AEC selects Lyons, KS site, to be operating by 1975 State & congressional opposition –

August 14, 1972 – AEC comes to Carlsbad, NM – WIPP Invited by some local people

- March 1979 Interagency Review Group on Nuclear Waste Management
- "State veto" or "consultation and concurrence."

#### December 1979 – WIPP

Public Law 96-164, Section 213(b): "[DOE] shall consult and cooperate.... [and] shall seek to enter into a written agreement with the appropriate officials of the State of New Mexico... not later than September 30, 1980."

July 1, 1981 - State of New Mexico v. DOE "All radioactive material used in high level waste experiments shall be removed from the WIPP site."

### 1987-1992 – WIPP Land Withdrawal Acts debated in Congress

12/13/1991 – New Mexico v. Watkins Preliminary Injunction issued against waste emplacement at WIPP

### 1992 – Public Law 102-579 WIPP Land Withdrawal Act

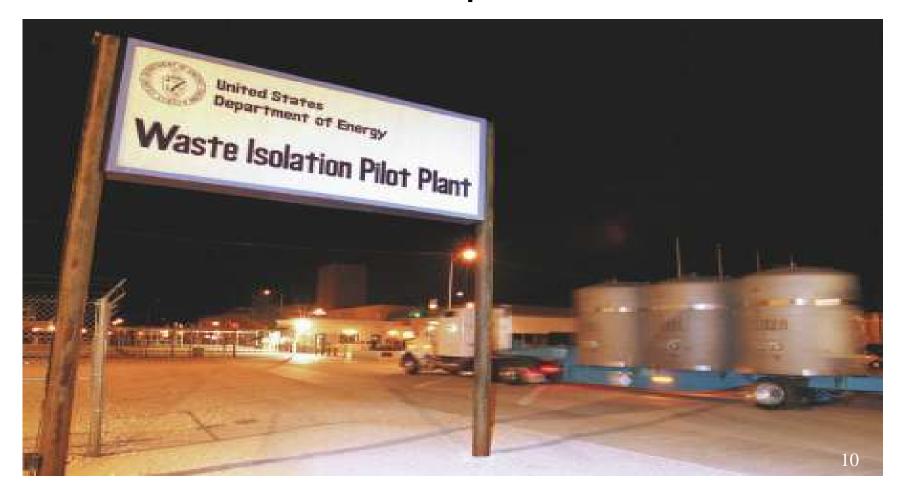
Section 9 – Compliance with Environmental Laws and regulations

Section 12 – "BAN ON HIGH-LEVEL RADIOACTIVE WASTE AND SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL.

The Secretary shall not transport high-level radioactive waste or spent nuclear fuel to WIPP or emplace or dispose of such waste or fuel at WIPP."

### 3/22/1999 – *New Mexico v. Richardson* DOE can ship wastes from LANL to WIPP

3/26/1999 – First shipment arrives



#### Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982

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1/1/1985 – Nominate 5 repository sites;
        recommend 3 sites for characterization
6/1/1985 – MRS proposal; at least 3 sites
3/31/1987 – President recommends 1st site
7/1/1989 – Nominate 5 2<sup>nd</sup> repository sites;
            3 "additional" sites not in 1st round
3/31/1990 – President recommends 2<sup>nd</sup> site
1/31/1998 – First repository operating
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#### Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982

#### Sections 116-118 –

- State/Tribal Notification
- State/Tribal Participation
- Financial Assistance to States/Tribes
- Notice of Disapproval from State Governor or Legislature
- Notice of Disapproval from Tribal governing body

#### 1982-1986 - 1<sup>st</sup> round sites

#### Nominate:

- 4 bedded salt sites TX (2), UT (2)
- 3 salt domes MS (2); LA
- Basalt Hanford, WA
- Tuff Yucca Mountain, NV

State, some local, citizen opposition – participation; litigation; lobbying

Characterize (5/28/1986): Deaf Smith Cty. (TX), WA; NV

#### 1983-1986 — 2<sup>nd</sup> round sites

Notify 17 crystalline rock states (2/1983)

Draft Area Recommendation (1/16/1986): GA, ME, MN, NH, NC, VA, WI

State, some local, citizen opposition – participation; litigation; lobbying

Indefinite postponement (5/28/1986)

#### MRS - 1985-1986

3 sites selected in Tennessee

State, some local, citizen opposition – participation; litigation; lobbying

District Court judge prohibits submitting report to Congress

DOE submits report to Congress

#### 1987 – NWPA Amendments Act

- Yucca Mountain only stop Hanford, Deaf Smith
- Prohibit site-specific second repository activities
- Annul and revoke Tennessee MRS proposal
- Benefits agreement with Nevada or for MRS
- Establish Office of Nuclear Waste Negotiator
  - To negotiate with Governor or Indian tribe an MRS or repository site
  - Consult with affected states, tribes, local governments
  - Agreement must be federal law

### 1990-1995 - Nuclear Waste Negotiators

 No states or tribes volunteered for consideration as a repository

 Grants were given to some tribes and counties to study MRS-type facilities 1991-1992

21 Applications

16 Tribes 4 Counties 1 Corporation

#### MRS APPLICATIONS

(as of September 8, 1992)

Mescalero Apache Tribe, NM Awarded 10/17/91

Phase II-A award 4/21/92

Grant County, ND Awarded 11/25/91

Terminated March 1992

Chickasaw Nation, OK

Awarded 2/14/92

Withdrew 3/31/92

Fremont County, WY

Awarded 1/23/92

Governor vetoed 8/21/92

Sac and Fox Nation, OK

Awarded 2/19/92

Withdrew 3/4/92

Prairie Island Nation, MN

Awarded 3/18/92

Yakima Indian Nation, WA

Awarded 1/23/92

Grant expired 7/23/92

Fifield Development Corp., WI

Rejected by DOE as ineligible

Apache County, AZ

Governor objected 4/3/92

Skull Valley Goshute Tribe, UT

Awarded 4/17/92

Alabama Quassarte Tribe, OK

Under review by DOE

Eastern Shawnee Tribe, OK

Under review by DOE

Tetlin Village, AK

Rejected by DOE 6/26/92

Lower Brule Sioux, SD

Under review by DOE

Akhiok-Kaguyak, AK

Rejected by DOE 6/26/92

Apache Development Authority, OK Under review by DOE

Absentee Shawnee Tribe, OK

Withdrew 6/9/92

San Juan County, UT

Awarded 5/4/92

Ponca Tribe, OK

Awarded 9/4/92

Caddo Tribe, OK

Withdrew 7/16/92

Ft. McDermitt Paiute Shoshone, NV Awarded 7/15/92

Sources: U.S. DOE; U.S. Office of Nuclear Waste Negotiator

#### Private Consolidated Storage

- 12/20/1994 Mescalero Apache Tribe and ~23 utilities sign LOI for Private SNF Storage
- 1995 Tribal referenda votes No and Yes. NM government and public opposition
- 4/1996 Utility/Tribe negotiations end
- Some utilities go to Skull Valley Goshutes
- Tribal, State, citizen opposition
- 1997-2006 NRC licenses PFS
- 2006 BLM denies Right-of-Way; BIA refuses lease

#### Some conclusions about DOE

- DOE has only sited one HLW/SNF repository; it will not operate because of non-consent from Nevada state government
- DOE's "successful" consent for WIPP prohibits HLW/SNF
- DOE has proposed an MRS, but it did not operate because of non-consent from Tennesseans
- DOE does not have long-term consent for much HLW/SNF storage in ID, SC, WA, NY
- For 45 years DOE has achieved non-consent and has no operating HLW/SNF consolidated storage or repository sites

#### More conclusions about DOE

- DOE has not been a reliable party regarding complying with the requirements of the NWPA.
- DOE has not been a reliable party regarding complying the agreements or statutory requirements for WIPP. It has continued to promote WIPP for missions that are prohibited by the WIPP Land Withdrawal Act.

 Given DOE's lack of reliability, it will be difficult to have confidence that "consent" agreements would be honored.

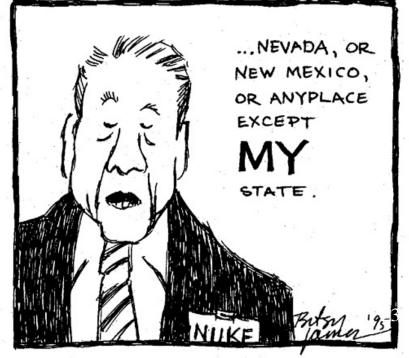
#### Some more conclusions

- Utilities also have achieved non-consent for consolidated storage
- Utilities have not consented to consolidated storage at closed or open power plant sites
- If SNF storage is safe at reactor sites; consolidated storage seems unnecessary at nonreactor sites
- It is highly unlikely that consent will be given for consolidated storage site(s) away from reactors









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